

# Varied Fluency

## Step 1: Equivalent Fractions 1

### National Curriculum Objectives:

Mathematics Year 3: (3F2) [Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators](#)

### Differentiation:

**Developing** Questions to support finding equivalent halves and quarters. Pictorial support for most fractions.

**Expected** Questions to support finding equivalent halves, thirds, quarters, fifths, sixths, eighths and tenths. Pictorial support for some fractions.

**Greater Depth** Questions to support finding equivalent halves, thirds, quarters, fifths, sixths, eighths and tenths and some non-unit fractions. Less pictorial support is provided.

More [Year 3 Fractions](#) resources.

Did you like this resource? Don't forget to [review](#) it on our website.

# Equivalent Fractions 1

1a. Complete the statement to match the image.



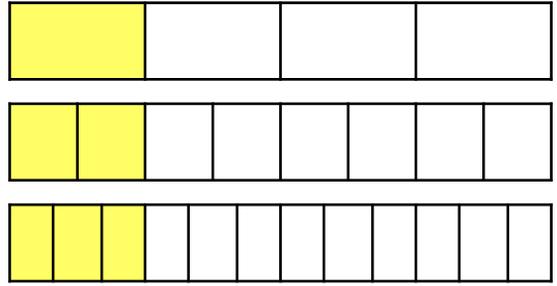
$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{\square}{4} = \frac{\square}{8}$$



VF

# Equivalent Fractions 1

1b. Complete the statement to match the image.



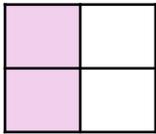
$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{\square}{8} = \frac{\square}{12}$$



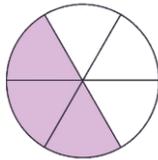
VF

2a. Which shapes show equivalent halves?

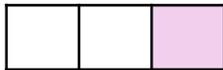
Shape A



Shape B



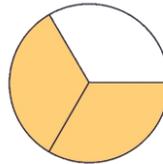
Shape C



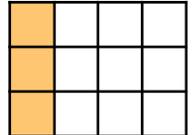
VF

2b. Which shapes show equivalent quarters?

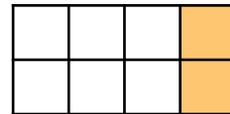
Shape A



Shape B



Shape C



VF

3a. Circle the pair of equivalent fractions.

$$\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{2}{7} \quad \frac{4}{8}$$



VF

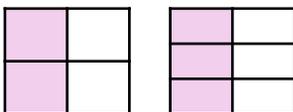
3b. Circle the pair of equivalent fractions.

$$\frac{1}{5} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{2}{6} \quad \frac{2}{8}$$



VF

4a. Use the images to complete the statement.

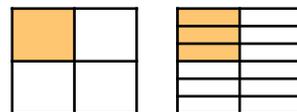


$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{\square}{6}$$



VF

4b. Use the images to complete the statement.



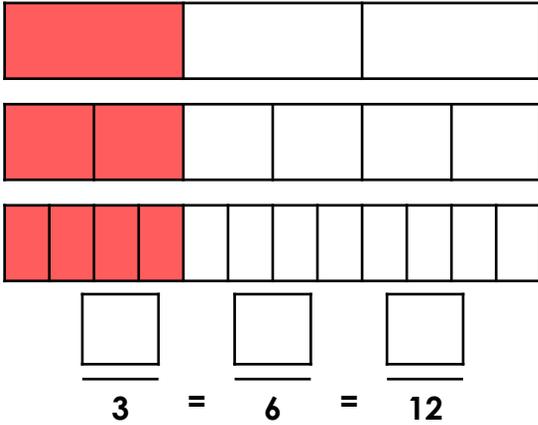
$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{\square}$$



VF

# Equivalent Fractions 1

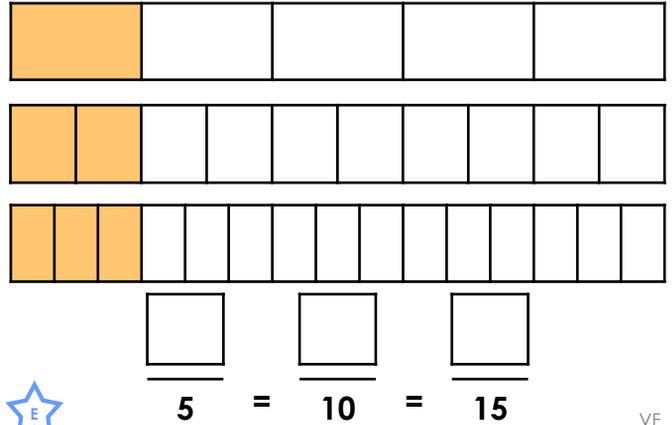
5a. Complete the statement to match the image.



VF

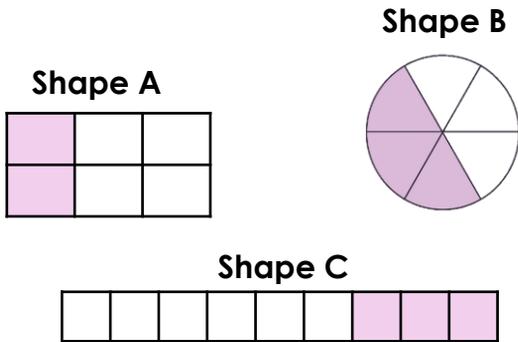
# Equivalent Fractions 1

5b. Complete the statement to match the image.



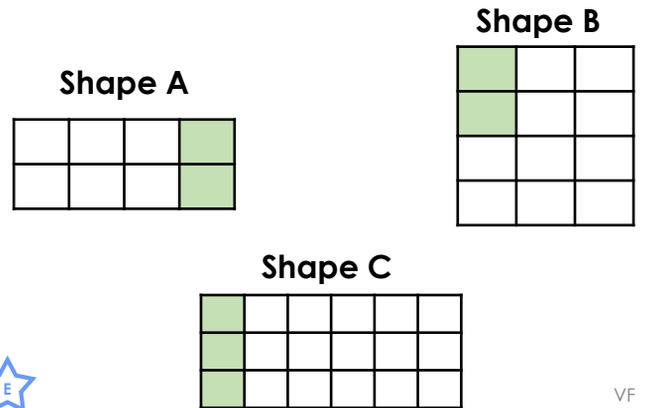
VF

6a. Which shapes show equivalent thirds?



VF

6b. Which shapes show equivalent sixths?



VF

7a. Circle the pair of equivalent fractions.

$\frac{1}{4}$      $\frac{1}{6}$      $\frac{2}{8}$      $\frac{2}{4}$



VF

7b. Circle the pair of equivalent fractions.

$\frac{1}{3}$      $\frac{1}{7}$      $\frac{3}{9}$      $\frac{2}{8}$



VF

8a. Complete the statements.

$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{\quad}{12}$   
 $\frac{1}{5} = \frac{\quad}{15}$



VF

8b. Complete the statements.

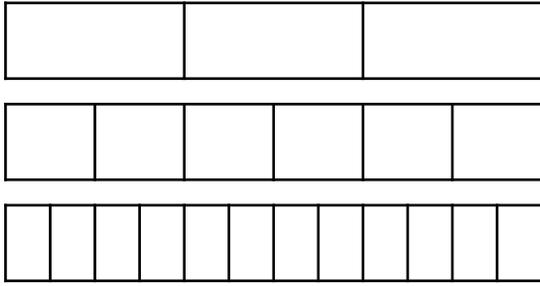
$\frac{1}{10} = \frac{\quad}{20}$   
 $\frac{1}{8} = \frac{\quad}{16}$



VF

# Equivalent Fractions 1

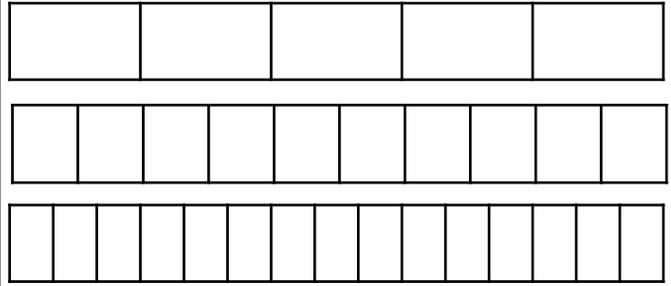
9a. Write an equivalent fraction statement using the fraction wall.



VF

# Equivalent Fractions 1

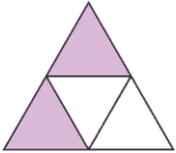
9b. Write an equivalent fraction statement using the fraction wall.



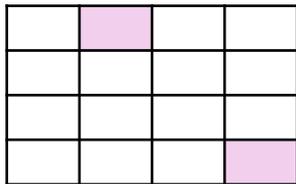
VF

10a. Which shapes show equivalent eighths?

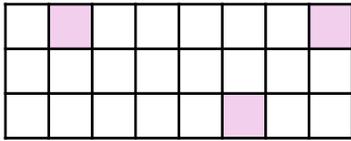
Shape A



Shape B



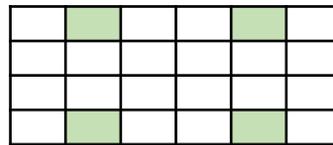
Shape C



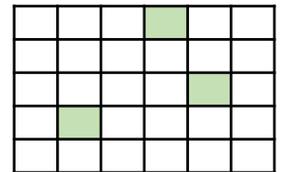
VF

10b. Which shapes show equivalent tenths?

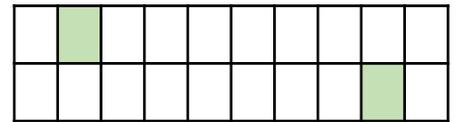
Shape A



Shape B



Shape C



VF

11a. Circle the pair of equivalent fractions.

$$\frac{1}{9} \quad \frac{3}{8} \quad \frac{2}{12} \quad \frac{2}{7} \quad \frac{1}{6}$$



VF

11b. Circle the pair of equivalent fractions.

$$\frac{6}{8} \quad \frac{2}{10} \quad \frac{1}{10} \quad \frac{3}{4} \quad \frac{5}{12}$$



VF

12a. Complete the statements.

$$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{\boxed{\phantom{000}}}{18}$$

$$\frac{3}{8} = \frac{6}{\boxed{\phantom{000}}}$$



VF

12b. Complete the statements.

$$\frac{4}{10} = \frac{\boxed{\phantom{000}}}{20}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} = \frac{6}{\boxed{\phantom{000}}}$$



VF

## Varied Fluency Equivalent Fractions 1

### Developing

1a.  $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{4}{8}$

2a. **A and B**

3a.  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{4}{8}$

4a.  $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{6}$

### Expected

5a.  $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{4}{12}$

6a. **A and C**

7a.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and  $\frac{2}{8}$

8a.  $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{12}$     $\frac{1}{5} = \frac{3}{15}$

### Greater Depth

9a. **Various answers, for example:**

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{8}{12}$$

10a. **B and C**

11a.  $\frac{1}{6}$  and  $\frac{2}{12}$

12a.  $\frac{2}{6} = \frac{6}{18}$     $\frac{3}{8} = \frac{6}{16}$

## Varied Fluency Equivalent Fractions 1

### Developing

1b.  $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{8} = \frac{3}{12}$

2b. **B and C**

3b.  $\frac{1}{4}$  and  $\frac{2}{8}$

4b.  $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{12}$

### Expected

5b.  $\frac{1}{5} = \frac{2}{10} = \frac{3}{15}$

6b. **B and C**

7b.  $\frac{1}{3}$  and  $\frac{3}{9}$

8b.  $\frac{1}{10} = \frac{2}{20}$     $\frac{1}{8} = \frac{2}{16}$

### Greater Depth

9b. **Various answers, for example:**

$$\frac{2}{5} = \frac{4}{10} = \frac{6}{15}$$

10b. **B and C**

11b.  $\frac{3}{4}$  and  $\frac{6}{8}$

12b.  $\frac{4}{10} = \frac{8}{20}$     $\frac{2}{5} = \frac{6}{15}$